

## Knowledge about the Egyptians

- ❑ Egypt is located on the continent of **Africa**.
- ❑ The longest river in the world, **the Nile**, runs through Egypt.
- ❑ The River Nile flooded every year and was essential for **growing crops**. The ancient Egyptians lived along the banks of the River Nile which they depended on **for fresh water**. Egyptians developed **irrigation** systems to sustain their crops.
- ❑ The start of the Ancient Egyptian period is approximately **3100 BC**, with the first king Narmer and stretched thousands of years ending in **30 BC** with the death of Cleopatra VII.
- ❑ Ancient Egyptian **hierarchy** began with slaves, farmers, scribes, priests, viziers, with pharaohs considered the most powerful next to the Gods.
- ❑ Egyptians believed in and worshipped a number of different **gods and goddesses**, including Ra, Anubis, Osiris and Sekhmet who were **above the pharaohs** in the hierarchy.
- ❑ The **tombs** were built by professional builders, stonemasons, carpenters, and artists.

## Memorable Moments

Egyptian Museum showcase for Parents.

## Subject-Specific Vocabulary

Word	Definition
<b>Tier 1</b>	
❑ Artefact	An object which has been made or modified by a human.
❑ Droughts	A continuous period of dry weather.
❑ Flash Floods	A flood that happens very quickly in low-lying land, and it's usually caused by very heavy rains.
❑ Pyramids	A triangular building built as an Egyptian tomb.
<b>Tier 2</b>	
❑ Ancient Civilization	A human society with its own social organisation and culture from the distant past especially before the end of the Roman Empire.
❑ Archaeologist	A person who studies ancient lives and cultures .
❑ Climate Zones	Divisions of the Earth's climates according to average temperatures and average rainfall. The three major climate zones on the Earth are the polar, temperate, and tropical zones.
❑ Hierarchy	The organisation of people at different ranks in a system (civilisation).
❑ Tomb	A building or room used for burial.
<b>Tier 3</b>	
❑ Hieroglyph	A picture used to write something.
❑ Pharaoh	An ancient Egyptian ruler.
❑ Sarcophagus	A stone coffin.
❑ Tutankhamun	A young pharaoh who became famous because his tomb was untouched when it was discovered.

Y5

# The Egyptians



- ❑ Ancient Egyptians believed in an **afterlife** and preserved the body after death using mummification, storing internal organs in 'canopic jars'.
- ❑ **Tutankhamun's tomb** was discovered 100 years ago.
- ❑ The discovery of Tutankhamun 's tomb was significant as it was untouched when Lord Carnarvon and Howard Carter located it.

## Links

Y1/2 – Hot and cold places

Y3 – Romans

Y4 - Tudors

Y5 - Victorians

Y6 – Survival

## Ancient Egyptians



## Reading Texts

Secrets of a Sun King by Emma Carroll

## History Themes

